IN THE CLAIMS:

	IN THE CL	Alivio.
1	1.	(Canceled)
2	2.	(Canceled)
1	3.	(Canceled)
1	4.	(Canceled)
1	5.	(Canceled)
1	6.	(Canceled)
1	7.	(Canceled)
1	8.	(Canceled)
1	9.	(Canceled)
2	10.	(Canceled)
	11,	(Canceled)
	12.	(Canceled)
	13.	(Canceled)
	14.	(Canceled)
	15.	(Canceled)
	16.	(Canceled)
1	17.	(Canceled)
1	18.	(Canceled)
1	19.	(Cancelled)
2	20.	(Canceled)
3	21.	(Canceled)
4	22.	(Cancelled)

IN THE CLAIMS:

1	23. (Currently Amended) A vehicle collision avoidance system
2	comprising:
3	a circumferentially rotating pulsed infrared laser beam scanner
4	apparatus, wherein the scanner is emitting and receiving the reflected lasern
5	beam signal over the 360° field of view, including a laser pulsed emitter and an
6	infrared laser sensor for generating a first signal representative of an obstacle
7	scanned, the laser pulsed emitter rotating circumferentially in a horizontal plane
8	and a vertical plane simultaneously, the infrared laser sensor circumferentially
9	rotating synchronously with the laser pulsed emitter in the horizontal plane and
10	receiving a reflected laser beam signal from the obstacle scanned.;
11	a processing circuit coupled to the circumferentially rotating pulse
12	infrared laser beam scanner apparatus for processing the first signal and
13	generating a plurality of signals;
14	a processor coupled to the processing circuit for processing the
15	plurality of signals and generating a braking signal; and
16	a braking apparatus responsive to the braking signal.
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1	24. (Canceled)
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1	25. (Currently Amended) The vehicle collision avoidance system of
2	claim 1, wherein the <u>circumferentially</u> rotating pulsed infrared laser beam scanne
3	apparatus is operable to scan an object from 1.6m to 120m.

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1 26. (Currently Amended) The vehicle collision avoidance system of
2 claim 2, wherein the <u>circumferentially</u> rotating pulsed infrared laser beam scanner
3 apparatus rotates in the horizontal plane at 48 revolutions per second and with a
4 period of 20.83ms and in the vertical plane at 8 sectors per second and a period
5 of 20.83ms.

27. (Currently Amended) The vehicle collision avoidance system of claim 1, wherein the <u>circumferentially</u> rotating pulsed infrared laser beam scanner apparatus emits a laser beam having 28.45W peak power, <u>an average power of 142mW</u>, a wavelength between <u>1μm</u> [[1μm]] and <u>1.550μm</u> m excluding the region between <u>1.3μm</u> 1.3μm and <u>1.4μm</u> 1.4μm 1.4μm, <u>and preferably between 1.450μm and 1.550μm</u>, a 1.0ns <u>to 1.25ns</u> pulse width, [[and]] a 10Mhz to 110Mhz

repetition rate, and a 0.002 radian emitting pulsed laser beam divergent angle.

28. (Canceled)

29. (Currently Amended) A method of avoiding a vehicle collision comprising:

rotating pulsed infrared laser beam scanner apparatus, wherein the scanner is emitting and receiving the reflected laser beam signal over the 360° field of view.

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comprising:

6	including a circumferentially rotating laser pulsed emitter and a circumferentially
7	rotating infrared laser sensor.
8	
9	processing signals representative of the determined features; and
10	braking the vehicle in the event the processed signals indicate an
11	imminent collision.
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1	30. (Currently Amended) The method of avoiding a vehicle collision of
2	claim 7, wherein the circumferentially rotating pulsed infrared laser beam scanner
3	apparatus rotates in a horizontal plane and in a vertical plane simultaneously.
1	
1	31. (Currently Amended) The method of avoiding a vehicle collision of
2	claim 7, wherein the <u>circumferentially</u> rotating pulsed infrared laser beam scanner
3	apparatus emits a laser beam having 28.45W peak power, an average power of
4	142mW, a wavelength between 1μm [[1um]] and 1.550μm 1.550μm excluding
5	the region between 1.3µm [[1.3um]] and 1.4µm [[1.4um]], and preferably between
6	1.450μm and 1.550μm, a 1.0ns to 1.25ns pulse width, [[and]] 10Mhz to 110Mhz
7	repetition rate, and a 0.002 radian emitting pulsed laser beam divergent angle.
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1	32. (Canceled)
1	
1	33, (Currently Amended) A method of avoiding a vehicle collision

3	circumferentially detecting eircumferential obstacles as bodies
4	proximate the venicle;
5	obtaining data from a rotating pulsed intrared laser beam scanner
6	apparatus including a time when the beam reaches a first edge of each body the
7	obstacle and a time when the beam reaches a second edge of each body the
1	34. (Currently Amended) The method of avoiding a vehicle collision of
2	claim 11, further comprising determining a critical point at which an absolute
3	value of da/dt approaches zero. The method of avoiding a vehicle collision of
4	claim 11, further comprising determining a critical point at which an absolute
5	value of the derivative of each bodies acceleration with respect to time da/dt
ö	approaches zero.
1	35. (Currently Amended) The method of avoiding a vehicle collision of
2	claim 12, wherein determining the relative distance and determining the time of
3	collision are initiated at the critical point. The method of avoiding a vehicle
4	collision of claim 12, wherein determining the relative distance and determining

the time of collision are initiated at the critical point.

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- (Currently Amended) The method of avoiding a vehicle collision of 36. 1 claim 11, further comprising determining a relative angular velocity or the 2 obstacle. The method of avoiding a vehicle collision of claim 11, turner 3 comprising determining a relative angular velocity of each body the obstacle. 4 (Currently Amended) The method of avoiding a vehicle collision of 37. 1 claim 11, wherein determining the time of collision comprises computing a 2 second order factor. The method of avoiding a vehicle collision of claim TT, 3 wherein determining the time of collision comprises computing a second order 4
- 1 38. (Currently Amended) The method of avoiding a vehicle collision of claim 11. further comprising determining the bumpiness of a road surface. The method of avoiding a vehicle collision of claim 11, further comprising determining the bumpiness of a road surface.
- 39. (Currently Amended) The method of avoiding a vehicle collision of claim 16, wherein determining the braking force to avoid a collision with the obstacle comprises determining a first braking force in a case where the time of collision is less than 1.5 seconds and a second braking force in a case where the

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- read in humpy. The method of avoiding a vehicle collision of claim 16, wherein determining the braking force to avoid a collision with each obstacle the obstacle comprises determining a first braking force in a case where the time of collision is less than 1.5 seconds and a second braking force in a case where the road is
- 40. (Currently Amended) The method of avoiding a vehicle collision of claim 11, wherein determining the time of collision further comprises determining vertical and horizontal components. The method of avoiding a vehicle collision of claim 11, wherein determining the time of collision turther comprises determining vertical and horizontal components <u>or each pody</u>.
- 41. (Currently Amended) <u>the method of avoiding a vehicle collision of</u>

 2 <u>claim 11, turther comprising determining a rate of approach of the vehicle and the</u>

 3 <u>obstacle.</u> The method of avoiding a vehicle collision of claim 11, turther

 4 comprising determining a rate of approach of the vehicle and <u>each body</u> the

 5 <u>obstacle.</u>
- 1 42. (Canceled)
- 1 43. (Currently Amended) <u>Ine-method of avoiding a vehicle collision of</u>
 2 claim 11, wherein the obtaining and determining steps are performed in a point to
 3 point vector processing manner. I he method of avoiding a vehicle collision of
 4 claim 11, wherein the obtaining and determining steps are performed in a point to
 5 point vector processing manner.

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1	44. (Current Amended) The method of avoiding a vehicle
2	collision of claim 11, further comprising using an analog circuit to process
3	the time when the beam reaches the first edge of each body and the
4	time when the beam reaches the second edge of each body, the relative
5	distance from the scanner apparatus to each body, a relative angular
3	velocity of each body, an acceleration of each body and a derivative of
7	the acceleration.

CONCLUSION

All of the claims now remaining in the application are in condition for allowance and an indication to that effect is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

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I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on March 1, 2006.

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